

Stracherite, BaCa₆(SiO₄)₂[(PO₄)(CO₃)]F, the first CO₃-bearing intercalated hexagonal antiperovskite from Negev Desert, Israel

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ABSTRACT

The new mineral stracherite, BaCa₆(SiO₄)₂[(PO₄)(CO₃)]F [$R\bar{3}m$, $a = 7.0877(5)$ Å, $c = 25.201(2)$ Å, $V = 1096.4(1)$ Å³, $Z = 3$], belongs to the zadovite group, which also includes zadovite, BaCa₆[(SiO₄)(PO₄)](PO₄)₂F; aradite, BaCa₆[(SiO₄)(VO₄)](VO₄)₂F; and gazeevite, BaCa₆(SiO₄)₂(SO₄)₂O. All minerals of this group exhibit single-layer antiperovskite modules, which are intercalated with tetrahedral layers. In stracherite, the first CO₃-bearing intercalated hexagonal antiperovskite, about 38% of the (PO₄)³⁻ tetrahedra are randomly substituted by planar (CO₃)²⁻ groups. The mineral was discovered in spurrite rocks of the Hatrurim Complex in the Negev Desert near Arad, Israel. Associated minerals are spurrite, calcite, brownmillerite, shulamite, CO₃-bearing fluorapatite, fluormayenite-fluorkyuygenite, and ariegilatite. The empirical formula of stracherite is: (Ba_{0.96}K_{0.02}Na_{0.01})_{Σ0.99}Ca_{6.01}[(SiO₄)_{1.86}(PO₄)_{0.12}(AlO₄)_{0.01}(TiO₄)_{0.01}]_{Σ22}[(PO₄)_{1.05}(CO₃)_{0.75}(SO₄)_{0.18}(VO₄)_{0.02}]_{Σ22}(F_{0.95}O_{0.03})_{Σ0.98}. Poikilitic crystals of stracherite are up to 0.5 mm in size and are confined to re-crystallization zones of spurrite marbles under the influence of by-products (gases, fluids) of combustion metamorphism.

Keywords: Stracherite, zadovite group, new mineral, intercalated hexagonal antiperovskites, CO₃, Raman, pyrometamorphic rocks, Hatrurim Complex