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## LETTER

## Crystal chemistry of a high-pressure C2/c clinopyroxene with six-coordinated silicon

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## ABSTRACT

A (Ca<sub>0.36</sub>Na<sub>0.56</sub>Mg<sub>0.08</sub>)(Mg<sub>0.73</sub>Si<sub>0.27</sub>)Si<sub>2</sub>O<sub>6</sub> clinopyroxene containing both four- and six-coordinated silicon was synthesized at 15 GPa and 1600 °C and its structure determined with single-crystal X-ray diffraction. Unlike the Na(Mg<sub>0.5</sub>Si<sub>0.5</sub>)Si<sub>2</sub>O<sub>6</sub> clinopyroxene that exhibits an ordered *P*2/*n* structure with octahedrally coordinated Mg<sup>2+</sup> and Si<sup>4+</sup> occupying two crystallographically distinct M1 sites (Angel et al. 1988), our sample possesses a *C*2/*c* symmetry and shows no detectable ordering between Mg<sup>2+</sup> and Si<sup>4+</sup> in the M1 site. The measured unit-cell parameters are *a* = 9.5792(13), *b* = 8.7588(12), *c* = 5.2610(6) Å,  $\beta$  = 107.199(3)°, and *V* = 421.7(2) Å<sup>3</sup>. The crystal structure of the clinopyroxene reported in this study is comparable to that for omphacites formed under high temperatures and pressures.