## Far-infrared spectra of synthetic <sup>[4]</sup>[(Al<sub>2-x</sub>Ga<sub>x</sub>)(Si<sub>2-y</sub>Ge<sub>y</sub>)](OH,OD,F)<sub>2</sub>-kinoshitalite: Characterization and assignment of interlayer Ba-O<sub>inner</sub> and Ba-O<sub>outer</sub> stretching bands

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## ABSTRACT

Far-infrared spectroscopy and X-ray diffraction Rietveld structure-refinement of synthetic kinoshitalite (Kn) solid solutions,  $BaMg_3[(Al_{2-x}Ga_x)(Si_{2-y}Ge_y)]O_{10}(OH,OD,F)_2$ : (x = 0.0–2.0, y = 0.0–2.0), show that there is complete solid solution for all compositions in each (OH/OD)- and F-series: [4][Al<sub>2</sub>(Si<sub>2-y</sub>Ge<sub>y</sub>)]-, [4][(Al<sub>2-x</sub>Ga<sub>x</sub>)Si<sub>2</sub>]-, [4][Ga<sub>2</sub>(Si<sub>2-y</sub>Ge<sub>y</sub>)]-, [4][(Al<sub>2-x</sub>Ga<sub>x</sub>)Ge<sub>2</sub>]-Kn, and in OH/OD-for-F substituted  ${}^{[4]}(Al_2Si_2)$ -,  ${}^{[4]}(Ga_2Si_2)$ -,  ${}^{[4]}(Al_2Ge_2)$ -,  ${}^{[4]}(Ga_2Ge_2)$ -Kn end-member compositions. In the far-infrared region, 170-40 cm<sup>-1</sup>, three kind of bands are observed; an in-plane tetrahedral torsional mode, an interlayer Ba-O<sub>inner</sub> stretching vibration and a Ba-O<sub>outer</sub> stretching vibration. With increasing tetrahedral <sup>[4]</sup>Al-for-<sup>[4]</sup>Ga and Si-for-Ge substitution, the frequencies and intensities of the tetrahedral in-plane torsional bands decrease in both the (OH/OD)- and F-bearing phases, but in the [4](Al<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub>)-, <sup>[4]</sup>(Ga<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub>)-, <sup>[4]</sup>(Al<sub>2</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub>)-, <sup>[4]</sup>(Ga<sub>2</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub>)-Kn end-member compositions, the frequencies are unaffected by (OH/OD)-for-F substitution. The frequencies of both the Ba-O<sub>inner</sub> and Ba-O<sub>outer</sub> stretching bands increase with increasing [4]Al-for-[4]Ga and Si-for-Ge substitution, but the frequencies of the Ba-O<sub>inner</sub> stretching bands decrease with increasing (OH/OD)-for-F substitution in the <sup>[4]</sup>(Al<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub>)-, <sup>[4]</sup>(Ga<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub>)-, <sup>[4]</sup>(Al<sub>2</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub>)-, <sup>[4]</sup>(Ga<sub>2</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub>)-Kn end-member compositions. The frequency difference between the Ba-O<sub>inner</sub> and Ba-O<sub>outer</sub> stretching bands is linearly related to the tetrahedral rotation angles ( $\alpha$ ), and these differences are about 10 cm<sup>-1</sup> larger in the (OH/OD)-bearing phases than in the corresponding F-bearing phases. The ranges of absorption frequencies and their corresponding deformation modes are as follows: (1) inplane tetrahedral torsional mode, 105-150 cm<sup>-1</sup>; (2) Ba-O<sub>inner</sub> stretching vibration, 105-140 cm<sup>-1</sup>; and (3) Ba- $O_{outer}$  stretching vibration, 75–90 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Keywords: Far-infrared spectra, synthetic kinoshitalite, in-plane torsional mode, Ba-O<sub>inner</sub> stretching band, Ba-O<sub>outer</sub> stretching band