

Appendix

Supporting Information

Table S1. List of the solid phases taken into account in this work for the determination of the (g_i, h_i, s_i) values in *ThermAP* applicable to Jahnsites/Whiteites. Reference thermodynamic data were drawn from the online *Thermoddem* database (except for compounds marked by an asterisk *, see **Table S2**). The two first grey-shaded columns report the 23 phosphate phases out of which the initial *ThermAP* calculations were made (see main text).

Formula	Mineral name	Formula	Mineral name
CaHPO ₄ ·2H ₂ O	Brushite	Na ₃ PO ₄	
Ca ₅ (PO ₄) ₃ (OH)	Hydroxyapatite	Na ₂ HPO ₄	
Ca ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ beta	Whitlockite(low) - βTCP	NaH ₂ PO ₄	
Mg ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ : 8 H ₂ O	Bobbierite	KH ₂ PO ₄	
Ca ₄ H(PO ₄) ₃ : 2.5H ₂ O	Octacalcium phosphate	Zn ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ : 4H ₂ O	Hopeite alpha (RT form)
Ca ₄ H(PO ₄) ₃ : 3H ₂ O		ZnAl ₆ (PO ₄) ₄ (OH) ₈ : 4H ₂ O	Faustite
Mg ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	Farringtonite	ZnFe ₄ (PO ₄) ₃ (OH) ₅	Rockbridgite (Zn)
Ca ₄ O(PO ₄) ₂	Hilgenstockite	CaZn ₂ (PO ₄) ₂ : 2H ₂ O	Scholzite
Mg ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ : 22H ₂ O	Cattiite	Zn ₄ (PO ₄) ₂ (OH) ₂ : 3H ₂ O	Spencerite
MgHPO ₄ *		Zn ₂ (PO ₄)OH	Tarbuttite
Ca ₅ (PO ₄) ₃ F	Fluorapatite	Zn ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	
CaHPO ₄	Monetite	ZnHPO ₄	
MgHPO ₄ : 3H ₂ O	Newberyte	Zn ₅ (PO ₄) ₃ OH	
Fe ^{II} ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ : 8 H ₂ O *	Vivianite	Zn ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ : H ₂ O	
Ca ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ alpha	Whitlockite(high) - αTCP	Zn ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ : 2H ₂ O	
AlPO ₄	Berlinite		
CaAlH(PO ₄) ₂ : 6H ₂ O *			
CaAl ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ (OH) ₅ : H ₂ O	Crandallite		
Fe ^{III} PO ₄ : 2H ₂ O	Strengite		

$\text{AlPO}_4 : 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	Variscite		
$\text{Al}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2(\text{OH})_3 : 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$	Wavellite		
$\text{Mn}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2$			
MnHPO_4			

Table S2. Reference ΔG_f° data at 298K and 1 bar considered for Vivianite, magnesium hydrogenphosphate and calcium aluminum phosphate from Vieillard and Tardy (1984), and corresponding $\Delta G^\circ_{\text{disso}}$ and Log K values calculated by considering the H_2PO_4^- speciation of phosphate ions.

Compounds	ΔG_f° (kJ/mol)	calculated $\Delta G^\circ_{\text{disso}}$ (kJ/mol)	calculated Log K *
$\text{Fe}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2 : 8 \text{H}_2\text{O}$ Vivianite	-4377.2	-65.814	11.5
MgHPO_4	-1577.3	-15.227	2.7
$\text{CaAlH}(\text{PO}_4)_2 : 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	-4722.2	-15.390	2.7

* calculated by considering the H_2PO_4^- speciation of phosphate ions.

Table S3. List of reactions for the determination of entropy values using Helgeson's method.

Formula	Mineral name	Reaction* for S° calculation using Helgeson's method	Calculated S° (J.mol ⁻¹ .K ⁻¹) this work
Mg ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ : 8 H ₂ O	Bobbierite	Mg ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ + 8Mg(OH) ₂ - 8MgO	480
Ca ₄ H(PO ₄) ₃ : 2.5H ₂ O	Octacalcium phosphate	Ca ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ + CaHPO ₄ + 2.5Ca(OH) ₂ - 2.5CaO	463
Ca ₄ H(PO ₄) ₃ : 3H ₂ O		Ca ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ + CaHPO ₄ + 3Ca(OH) ₂ - 3CaO	486
Ca ₄ O(PO ₄) ₂	Hilgenstockite	Ca ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ + CaO	277
Mg ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ : 22H ₂ O		Mg ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ + 22Mg(OH) ₂ - 22 MgO	988
MgHPO ₄		1/2Mg(OH) ₂ + 1/2Mg ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ - MgO	99
MgHPO ₄ : 3H ₂ O	Newberyte	MgHPO ₄ + 3Mg(OH) ₂ - 3MgO	208
Fe ^{II} ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ : 8 H ₂ O	Vivianite	Ca ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ + 3FeO + 8Ca(OH) ₂ - 11CaO	659
CaAlH(PO ₄) ₂ : 6H ₂ O		CaHPO ₄ : 2H ₂ O + AlPO ₄ : 2H ₂ O + 2Ca(OH) ₂ - 2CaO	415
CaAl ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ (OH) ₅ : H ₂ O	Crandallite	2AlPO ₄ + Al(OH) ₃ + 2Ca(OH) ₂ - CaO	381
MnHPO ₄		1/2Mn(OH) ₂ + 1/2Mn ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ - MnO	140

*A negative sign indicates that the corresponding phase was located in the left member of the reaction, therefore its entropy has to be subtracted.

Table S4. Estimations of thermodynamic data (298 K, 1 bar) for some related minerals, based on the present *ThermAP* refinement.

Formula	Compound	ΔG_f° (kJ/mol) this work	ΔH_f° (kJ/mol) this work	S° (J.mol ⁻¹ .K ⁻¹) this work	Log K *
CaMgFe ^{III} (PO ₄) ₂ OH : 4H ₂ O	Segelerite	-4446	-4954	401	6.8
Ca _{0.75} Mn _{0.75} Mn _{0.75} Fe ^{III} _{1.50} (PO ₄) ₃	« Alluaudite-(CaMnMnFe ^{III}) »	-4220	-4554	351	-4.1
Ca _{0.75} Mn _{0.75} Mg _{0.75} Fe ^{III} _{1.50} (PO ₄) ₃	« Alluaudite-(CaMnMgFe ^{III}) »	-4366	-4710	321	-0.2

* calculated by considering the H₂PO₄⁻ speciation of phosphate ions.

Table S5. Estimations of the temperature dependence of C_p for relevant Jahnsites and Alluaudites (see text on the determination of $f(\text{H}_2\text{O}) - T$ stability curves) from Helgeson's method (Helgeson, 1978) allowing one to estimate the C_p (or entropy) of a solid by considering solid phase reactions with parent phases with known properties, by assuming a negligible variation in C_p (or entropy) between the left and the right member of the reaction scheme. Necessary thermodynamic data were obtained from the database HSC Chemistry for Windows®.

Compound	Estimated C_p temperature coefficients : $C_p(T) = A + BT + C/T^2 + DT^2$			
	A	B	C	D
Jahnsite-(CaMnMn) ^a	821.117	0.3527	$-52.924 \cdot 10^5$	$-2.210 \cdot 10^{-6}$
Jahnsite-(CaMnMg) ^b	853.959	0.3467	$-103.430 \cdot 10^5$	$-2.264 \cdot 10^{-6}$
« Alluaudite-(CaMnMnFe ^{III}) » ^c $\text{Ca}_{0.75}\text{Mn}_{0.75}\text{Mn}_{0.75}\text{Fe}_{1.50}(\text{PO}_4)_3$	304.106	0.2221	$-54.134 \cdot 10^5$	$-26.961 \cdot 10^{-6}$
« Alluaudite-(CaMnMgFe ^{III}) » ^d $\text{Ca}_{0.75}\text{Mn}_{0.75}\text{Mg}_{0.75}\text{Fe}_{1.50}(\text{PO}_4)_3$	305.817	0.2665	$-67.557 \cdot 10^5$	$-82.662 \cdot 10^{-6}$

^aconsidered reaction : $\text{CaMnMn}_2\text{Fe}_2(\text{PO}_4)_4(\text{OH})_2 : 8\text{H}_2\text{O} + 2 \text{MnO} + 2 \text{CaO} \rightarrow 2 \text{FePO}_4 : 2\text{H}_2\text{O} + 2 \text{Mn}(\text{OH})_2 + 3 \text{Mn}(\text{OH})_2 + \text{Ca}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2$.

^bconsidered reaction : $\text{CaMnMg}_2\text{Fe}_2(\text{PO}_4)_4(\text{OH})_2 : 8\text{H}_2\text{O} + 2 \text{MnO} + 2 \text{CaO} \rightarrow 2 \text{FePO}_4 : 2\text{H}_2\text{O} + 2 \text{Mg}(\text{OH})_2 + 3 \text{Mn}(\text{OH})_2 + \text{Ca}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2$.

^cconsidered reaction : $\text{Ca}_{0.75}\text{Mn}(\text{Mn}_{0.25}\text{Fe}_{0.75})_2(\text{PO}_4)_3 \rightarrow 3/2 \text{FePO}_4 + 1/6 \text{Mn}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2 + 1/3 \text{Mn}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2 + 1/4 \text{Ca}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2$. In this case, the $C_p(T)$ function for FePO_4 and $\text{Mn}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2$ not available in the literature was accessed similarly from the reactions :

$\text{FePO}_4 + 2 \text{Mn}(\text{OH})_2 \rightarrow \text{Fe}(\text{PO}_4) : 2\text{H}_2\text{O} + 2 \text{MnO}$

$\text{Mn}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2 + 3 \text{CaO} \rightarrow \text{Ca}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2 + 3 \text{MnO}$.

^dconsidered reaction : $\text{Ca}_{0.75}\text{Mn}_{0.25}\text{Mg}_{0.75}(\text{Mn}_{0.25}\text{Fe}_{0.75})_2(\text{PO}_4)_3 \rightarrow 3/2 \text{FePO}_4 + 1/4 \text{Mn}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2 + 1/4 \text{Mg}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2 + 1/4 \text{Ca}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2$.

Figure S1. Comparison of Log K values as calculated via *ThermAP* with reference data from Jahnsite/Whiteite-related phosphate phases (Thermoddem database).

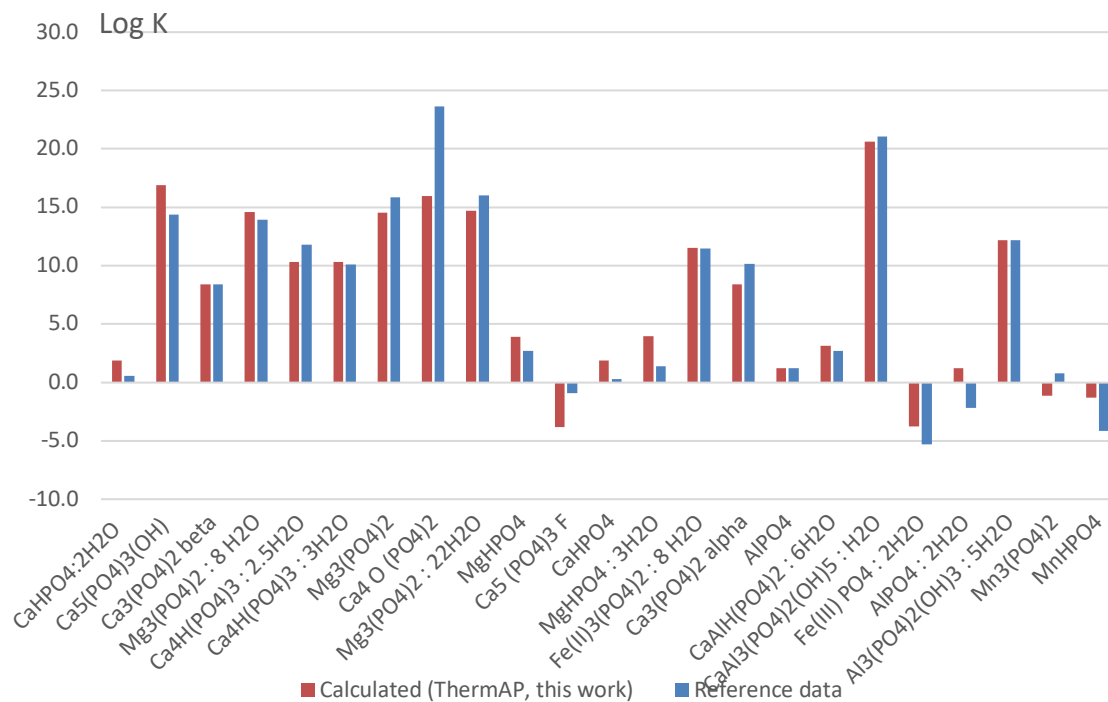


Figure S2. Pictures of the precipitate obtained (100°C, 24 hours) starting from stoichiometric ratios corresponding to the composition of Jahnsite-(CaMnMg). XRD analyses showed (see main text) that this precipitate was essentially composed of $\text{FePO}_4 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (Strengite/Phosphosiderite).



Figure S3. XRD patterns for the experimentally precipitated compounds starting from the initial stoichiometry of Jahnsite-(CaMnMg):

