

Gailhanou et al. (2013), Thermodynamic data of oxides used for estimating the thermodynamic properties of the modified compositions of clay minerals – Appendix 5.

Table A-5-1. Standard enthalpies of formation and entropies of oxides at 298.15 K.

Oxide	$\Delta H_f^\circ(298.15K)$ kJ/mol	$S^\circ$ J/(K mol)	Ref.
Corundum(alpha) $Al_2O_3(cr)$	-1675.7 ( $\pm 1.3$ )	50.92 ( $\pm 0.10$ )	[1], [2]
MgO <sub>(cr)</sub>	-601.6 ( $\pm 0.3$ )	26.95 ( $\pm 0.15$ )	[1], [2]
MnO <sub>(cr)</sub>	-385.2 ( $\pm 0.5$ )	59.71 ( $\pm 0.4$ )	[3], [2]
Rutile TiO <sub>2(cr)</sub>	-944.0 ( $\pm 0.8$ )	50.62 ( $\pm 0.3$ )	[1], [2]

Table A-5-2. Heat capacity functions  $C_p^\circ(T)$  of oxides, between 298 K and 573 K and at 1 bar.

Oxide	$C_p^\circ(298.15K)$ J/(K.mol)	Ref.	$a$ J/(K mol)	$b$ J/(K <sup>2</sup> mol)	$c$ J.K/mol	Ref.
Corundum(alpha) $Al_2O_3(cr)$	79.033	[1], [2]	98.25	36.75	-26.83	[2]
MgO <sub>(cr)</sub>	37.237	[1], [2]	46.87	5.34	-9.98	[2]
MnO <sub>(cr)</sub>	45.44	[3], [2]	46.48	8.12	-3.68	[2]
Rutile TiO <sub>2(cr)</sub>	55.080	[1], [2]	63.20	11.82	-10.35	[2]

Note. Maier-Kelley function  $C_p^\circ(T) = a + b \cdot 10^{-3} T + c \cdot 10^{-5} T^2$

## References

- [1] Cox, J.D., Wagman, D.D., and Medvedev, V.A. (1989) CODATA Key Values for Thermodynamics. Hemisphere Publishing Corporation, New York.
- [2] Blanc, P., Lassin, A., Piantone, P., Azaroual, M., Jacquemet, N., Fabbri, A., and Gaucher, E.C. (2012) Thermoddem: A geochemical database focused on low temperature water/rock interactions and waste materials. Applied Geochemistry, 27, 2107-2116.
- [3] Wagman, D.D., Evans, W.H., Parker, V.B., Schumm, R.H., Halow, I., Bailey, S.M., Churney, K.L., and Nutall, R.L. (1982) The NBS Tables of Chemical Thermodynamic Properties. Journal of Physical and Chemical Reference Data, 11, Suppl. 2.