Corrections. W. F. Foshag.

I wish to correct two errors that have appeared in my papers. In the description of prehnite from Furnace Creek, on page 11 of vol. 9, the character of the mineral is given as optically positive. This should read negative. In my paper on plazolite, page 184, vol. 5, the index of refraction of plazolite is erroneously given as 1.710. The correct value is 1.675.

According to Science News platinum has been discovered in the Transvaal in quantities which are expected to be large enough to reduce substantially the price of this metal. The deposit is located in the Waterberg district, about 100 miles north of Johannesburg. The lodes are known to extend a distance of 10 to 15 miles. The yield is very variable. The ore averages about 9 oz. troy to the ton, although some samples have produced as high as 137 oz.

A recording micrometer for rock analysis was recently described by Chester K. Wentworth (J. Geology, 31, 228-232, 1923). This instrument, which can be attached to the stage of a microscope, will measure one to five component minerals, record and add the results in a single operation. An attempt is being made to make this convenient instrument available to those interested in quantitative petrography. If a number of orders are received its manufacture will be undertaken. The price will be approximately $75 each. Those wishing to place an order are urged to do so promptly and address Eberbach & Son Co., Ann Arbor, Michigan.

Professor W. Vernadsky, who is at present in Paris, is desirous of obtaining reprints of articles by American mineralogists. His address is: 7 Rue Touiller, Paris V, France.

Dr. Wallace Goold Levison of Brooklyn, a prominent mineral collector, died on March 9th. He was corresponding secretary of the New York Mineralogical Club.

It is reported (Science News, March 21, p. XIV) that a large deposit of soapstone has been found on the shores and islands of Trap Lake in the Kenora district, about 200 miles east of Winnipeg. The deposit outcrops from 8 to 15 ft. above the surface and is estimated to contain more than 1,000,000 cubic feet of the material above the water level.

Mr. Ernest E. Fairbanks is at present employed as mineralogist at the Rare and Precious Metals Experiment Station, Reno, Nevada.