# **Chavesite discredited**

## **ANTHONY R. KAMPF**

Mineralogy Section, Natural History Museum of Los Angeles County, 900 Exposition Boulevard, Los Angeles, California 90007, U.S.A.

PETE J. DUNN

Department of Mineral Sciences, Smithsonian Institution, Washington, DC 20560, U.S.A.

### ABSTRACT

The mineral described as chavesite by Murdoch (1958) is identical to monetite. Chavesite is discredited as a distinct mineral species.

### DISCUSSION

The new mineral chavesite was described in 1958 by Joseph Murdoch in a paper reporting on the phosphate minerals of the Boqueirão pegmatite near the town of Parelhas, Rio Grande do Norte, Brazil. The description in its entirety is as follows (Murdoch, 1958, p. 1154):

One specimen of lithiophilite shows, on fracture surfaces with huréaulite and tavorite, an intermittent thin colorless crystalline coating which sometimes shows poorly formed individual crystals. This appears to be a new mineral, tentatively named "chavesite" (pronounced shav-ez-ite), after Dr. Onofre Chaves, an engineer of the Brazilian Departmento National da Produção Mineral. It is a hydrated calcium manganese phosphate, but not enough material is available for a chemical analysis. Hardness is near 3, cleavages, two good, in the prism zone, and nearly perpendicular to each other. Optically, biaxial positive, with 2V large, and indices  $\alpha$  1.60,  $\beta$  1.62,  $\gamma$  1.65. Multiple twinning, with twin plane parallel to elongation of crystals. Extinction about 30° to the twin plane. A cleavage sliver which proved to be a single individual was used to determine the symmetry and cell dimensions. Rotation, and Weissenberg equator, first and second layer lines about c show it to be triclinic with the following values:

 $a_{0} = 5.49 \qquad b_{0} = 13.07 \qquad c_{0} = 5.79$   $\alpha 91^{\circ}18^{1}{2'} \qquad \beta 108^{\circ}3' \qquad \gamma 99^{\circ}44'$   $\lambda 84^{\circ}58' \qquad \mu 71^{\circ}20' \qquad \nu 78^{\circ}00' \qquad x'_{0} = 0.325 \qquad y'_{0} = 0.093$ a:b:c = 1.4200:1:0.4438

The powder pattern (see Table 3) [column 1, Table 1, this study] closely resembles that of monetite and it has been suggested (Mrose, priv. commun.) that chavesite and monetite may be isostructural. The X-ray powder pattern can be adequately indexed using the above values for the elements.

The original material studied by Murdoch was obtained from the Department of Earth and Space Sciences of the University of California at Los Angeles. In a locked cabinet containing a portion of Murdoch's old research material, several specimens and three mounted crystals were found labeled "chavesite" from "Boqueirão" in Murdoch's own hand. These matched the physical description given above and can reasonably be assumed to be the type specimens of chavesite.

A Gandolfi 114.6-mm X-ray film of the chavesite was compared with one obtained from monetite from Mona Island, Puerto Rico (NMNH no. 128714). In each case, multiple crystal fragments were used to maximize randomization of crystal orientation. The films were found to coincide in every detail. The powder diffraction data for chavesite reported by Murdoch are provided in Table 1, along with the powder data for chavesite obtained in this study and the powder pattern of monetite calculated from the structure data of Catti et al. (1977). The discrepancies between the chavesite patterns could in part be the result of preferred orientation, grinding effects, or contamination in Murdoch's sample. The cell parameters for chavesite refined from our powder data with monetite indexing are a = 6.921(5), b = 6.643(6), c = 6.988(7) Å,  $\alpha = 96.25(5), \beta = 103.87(6), \gamma = 88.32(6)^{\circ}$ . These are very similar to those determined for monetite by Catti et al. (1977), a = 6.910(1), b = 6.627(2), c = 6.998(2) Å,  $\alpha$  $= 96.34(2), \beta = 103.82(2), \gamma = 88.33(2)^{\circ}.$ 

Precession X-ray films for chavesite and monetite were also found to be identical. One of Murdoch's crystals of chavesite, still mounted on its original spindle, was used in the precession study. This crystal proved to be a single individual and probably corresponds to the "cleavage sliver" used in Murdoch's determination of the symmetry and cell dimensions. A newly mounted crystal taken from one of Murdoch's specimens yielded similar precession patterns. The cell parameters reported by Murdoch could not be duplicated in the precession study nor could any way be found to derive them from the monetite cell. We must assume that Murdoch was in error in his interpretation of the Weissenberg films.

A chavesite crystal from one of the type specimens was subjected to electron microprobe analysis, yielding CaO

 TABLE 1.
 X-ray powder data for chavesite and monetite

	Chav	esite				
Mı	Murdoch		This study*		Monetite (calc**)	
1	d	1	d	1	d	hkl
10 5 5	6.33 5.03 4.56	10 2	6.75 5.05	10 3	6.757 4.990	001 011
5	4.35	2	4.36	23	4.394 4.280	111 101
5 10 5	3.89 3.69 3.54	1 2	4.08 3.72	3	4.028 3.702	111 111
5	3.48	3	3.48	7 ( 52	3.486 3.378	111 002
100	3.35	80	3.366	45 5 18	3.355 3.354 3.337	200 102 201
5 5	3.24 3.18	1	3.317	5	3.293	020
5 5 20	3.13 3.076? 3.023	10	3.129	15 3	3.127 3.093	112 021
30	2.945	100	2.961	34 41 25	2.960 2.953 2.936	120 120 121
5	2.87	1	2.896	3 5 2	2.912 2.884 2.867	211 012 112
5	2.81					
20	2.74	10	2.760	{ 10 18	2.765 2.756	102 201
20	2.72	20	2.728	28 6	2.726 2.715	202 121
5 5	2.66 2.63	1	2.601	° 1	2.580	211
5	2.56		2.001	2	2.531	121
10	2.489	15	2.496	14	2.495	022
10	2.305	1 5	2.342 2.302	1 6	2.347 2.307	220 103
30	2.23	20	2.246	4 2.242 8 2.233	2.233	003 022 122
10	2.198	10	2.202	{ 4 5 6	2.214 2.204 2.195	122 013 030
5	2.155	7	2.159	9	2.157	031
5	2.124	1	2.132	{ 5 4	2.139 2.120	311 310
10	2.087	1	2.099	{ 4 3	2.088 2.072	130 221
10	2.034	2	2.038	5	2.072	122
10	1.978	4	1.998	{ 4 4	1.997 1.987	212 301
		1	1.959	{ }	1.959 1.958	023 213
20	1.918	30 2	1.918 1.868	15 5	1.958 1.916 1.869	321 223
20	1.85	30	1.852	6 15	1.851 1.848	222 320

TABLE	1.—Continued	
8	Chavesite	

	Chavesite				
Monetite (calc**)		This study*		Murdoch	
d I	1	d	1	d	1
1.798	6	1,799	5	1.79	20
1.793 3	1 4	1,799	5	1.75	20
1.753 1	4	1.755	4	1.75	5
1.739 1	3				
1.729 1	( 4				
1.727 2	6	4 700	05	1 705	00
1.724 3	16	1.728	35	1.725	30
1.723 3	13				
1.693 2	C 5				
1.684 2	555	1.691	4	1.685	10
1.680 3	5				255
1.668 4	4				
1.663 0	3	4 057	•	4 057	~
1.654 3	1 4		2	1.657	5
1.641 1	5	1.643	2		

\* Obtained with 114.6-mm Gandolfi camera, CuKa, Ni-filtered radiation ( $\lambda = 1.54178$  Å), visually estimated intensities.

\*\* Calculated from the structure data of Catti et al. (1977). Calculated lines for which l < 3 have not been included unless they correspond to observed lines.

39.6, MnO 0.6, FeO 0.2,  $P_2O_5$  50.3. This compares reasonably well with the theoretical composition of monetite, CaO 41.22,  $P_2O_5$  52.16,  $H_2O$  6.62. The Mn noted by Murdoch was apparently determined by a qualitative test. The small amount of MnO in the material could have provided a positive microchemical test, or his sample may have been contaminated by lithiophilite or huréaulite.

The obvious conclusion from the foregoing is that chavesite is identical to monetite. The Commission on New Minerals and New Mineral Names, IMA has approved the discreditation of chavesite as a distinct mineral species. The original type material is now deposited in the Natural History Museum of Los Angeles County under catalog numbers 38919–38925.

### **R**EFERENCES CITED

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