## Grüneisen parameter of $\epsilon$ -iron up to 300 GPa from in-situ X-ray study

## L.S. DUBROVINSKY,<sup>1,\*</sup> S.K. SAXENA,<sup>1,†</sup> N.A. DUBROVINSKAIA,<sup>1</sup> S. REKHI,<sup>1</sup> AND T. LE BIHAN<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Institute of Earth Sciences, Uppsala University, S-752 36 Uppsala, Sweden <sup>2</sup>European Synchrotron Radiation Facility, Grenoble 38043, France

## ABSTRACT

We show that high-quality powder X-ray diffraction data, collected in diamond anvil cells, provide sufficient information for Rietveld refinement and determination of temperature factors. For the first time using a new method based on combination of thermal equation of state and measured mean-square atomic vibrations of high-pressure  $\varepsilon$ -Fe phase, we determine Debye temperatures at pressure up to 300 GPa and temperature over 1000 K. We found that the Grüneisen parameter of  $\varepsilon$ -iron could be described by Anderson's (1967) equation with parameters  $\gamma_0 = 1.78(6)$ , q = 0.69(10) with fixed  $V_0 = 6.73$  cm<sup>3</sup>/mol.