

The effect of Ca substitution on the elastic and structural behavior of orthoenstatite

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ABSTRACT

A single crystal of orthopyroxene with composition $\text{Ca}_{0.07}\text{Mg}_{1.93}\text{Si}_2\text{O}_6$ (space group *Pbca*) has been investigated at high pressure and room temperature by in-situ X-ray diffraction using a diamond anvil cell. The unit-cell parameters have been determined at ten different pressures up to 10.16(5) GPa. In the pressure range investigated no evidences of phase transitions have been found. The pressure-volume data have been fitted with a third-order Birch-Murnaghan equation of state resulting in the following parameters: $V_0 = 838.26(8) \text{ \AA}^3$, $K_{T0} = 110(1) \text{ GPa}$, $K' = 6.6(4)$. The Ca substitution in the pure orthoenstatite $\text{Mg}_2\text{Si}_2\text{O}_6$ structure causes a slight increase in K_{T0} and a decrease in K' . The compressibility of a , b , and c unit-cell parameters is strongly anisotropic with a compressibility scheme $\beta_b \gg \beta_c \gg \beta_a$. The structure evolution as a function of pressure has been determined at five different pressures up to 6.25(5) GPa. The M2 polyhedron undergoes the largest volume variation ($\sim 7.7\%$), whereas the volume variation of M1 is $\sim 6.1\%$. The TA and TB tetrahedral volumes decrease by about 3% and 1.2%, respectively, without a discontinuity in the pressure range investigated.

Keywords: Orthopyroxene, high-pressure, compressibility, equation of state