HIGHLIGHTS AND BREAKTHROUGHS

Anhydrite: An important sulfur binder limiting the climatic impact of subaerial volcanic eruptions

MARCUS NOWAK^{1,*}

¹Department of Geosciences, University of Tuebingen, Wilhelmstrasse 56, 72074 Tuebingen, Germany

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Abstract: Gaseous sulfur compounds are critical climate active volatile components released by volcanoes. Volcanic eruptions can emit massive amounts of H_2S and SO_2 into the atmosphere, which react with oxygen and H_2O to sulfuric acid. Formation of H_2SO_4 aerosols, which have on a geological timescale short-term residence times of month or years, may have global climatic impact. The phase stability of sulfur-bearing minerals such as anhydrite in erupting magmas may be a key controlling factor limiting SO_2 emission during subaerial volcanic activity (Huang and Keppler, January 2015 issue of *American Mineralogist*). **Keywords:** Sulfur fluid/melt partition behavior, anhydrite stability, degassing, volcanic eruptions

^{*} E-mail: marcus.nowak@uni-tuebingen.de