## Revision 2

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## Abstract:

Revision of crystal structure of the rare U-oxide mineral richetite provided crystallographic evidence for the presence of pentavalent U . The structure of richetite, space group $P-1, a=$ 12.0919(2), $b=16.3364(4), c=20.2881(4) \AA, \alpha=68.800(2)^{\circ}, \beta=78.679(2)^{\circ}, \gamma=76.118(2)^{\circ}$, with $V=3600.65(14) \AA^{3}$ and $Z=1$, was solved by charge-flipping algorithm and refined to an agreement index $(R)$ of $5.6 \%$ for 9955 unique reflections collected using microfocus X-ray source. The refined structure, in line with the previous structure determination, contains U-OOH sheets of the $\alpha-\mathrm{U}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{8}$ type (protasite topology) and an interstitial complex comprising $\mathrm{Pb}^{2+}, \mathrm{Fe}^{2+}, \mathrm{Mg}^{2+}$ cations and molecular $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$. However, the polyhedral geometry, the bondvalence sum incident at one $U$ site within the sheet (U17) together with charge-balance requirements, indicate that U 17 site is occupied by $\mathrm{U}^{5+}$. $\operatorname{The} \mathrm{U} 17 \Phi_{7}(\Phi: \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{OH})$ polyhedra is rather distorted, with two shorter U-O bond-lengths ( $\sim 2.01 \AA$ ), four longer U-O bond-lengths ( $\sim 2.2 \AA$ ) and one, very long U-O bond ( $2.9 \AA$ ). The color of richetite also supports the presence of $\mathrm{U}^{5+}$ in the structure The current results show that $\alpha-\mathrm{U}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{8}$ type of sheet can incorporate $\mathrm{U}^{5+}$. Richetite is the second mineral containing pentavalent uranium in Nature.

Keywords: Richetite, uranyl oxide hydroxy-hydrate, crystal structure, pentavalent uranium, weathering

Running title: Pentavalent U in richetite

## Introduction

Uranyl-oxide hydroxy-hydrate minerals (further labelled as UOH) are important products of supergene weathering of primary $\mathrm{U}^{4+}$ minerals, predominantly uraninite. They form in the initial alteration stages and are common constituents of the oxidized parts of uranium deposits, and usually replace uraninite in-situ, forming massive aggregates called "gummites" (Finch and Ewing 1992; Finch and Murakami 1999; Krivovichev and Plášil 2013; Plášil 2014). Weathering of uraninite, also called hydration-oxidation weathering, is of further relevance because of the analogy between the alteration of uraninite and $\mathrm{UO}_{2+\mathrm{x}}$ in spent nuclear fuel (Janeczek et al. 1996). The crystallography and crystal chemistry of this mineral group has attracted a lot of attention and this group is nowadays extensive (see e.g., Plášil et al. 2016). These minerals and the synthetic UOH phases have been studied intensively by X-ray diffraction and only a few of their structures are unknown.

Richetite is a rare UOH mineral, occurring at few localities in the world. It was originally described by Vaes (1947) from Shinkolobwe mine, Haut-Katanga province, Democratic Republic of Congo, Africa, and later studied by Piret and Deliens (1984). Richetite has a large triclinic unit-cell (Burns 1998), which is in line with results of Piret and Deliens (1984). However, the structure has several issues prompting reexamination of the structure.

## Redetermination of the crystal structure

## Single-crystal X-ray diffraction

The crystal used in this study was obtained from a sample provided by Jean-Claude Leydet (Brest, France) and originates from the type locality, Shinkolobwe mine (HautKatanga province, DRC, Africa).

A tabular greyish brown fragment of richetite was selected under an optical microscope and used for X-ray study. Data were collected using a Rigaku (Oxford diffraction) SuperNova diffractometer, using MoK $\alpha$ radiation ( $\lambda=0.71073 \AA$ ) from a micro-focus X-ray tube collimated and monochromatized by mirror optics and detected by an Atlas S2 CCD detector. From 39599 collected reflections, 13469 were independent and 9955 were unique observed with the criterion $I_{\mathrm{obs}}>3 \sigma(I)$. Integration of the diffraction data, including corrections for background, polarization and Lorentz effects, was done using the CrysAlis RED program. The absorption correction combining empirical scaling and sphericalabsorption correction was done with CrysAlis program; SCALE3 Abspack algorithm.

The structure of richetite was solved by the charge-flipping algorithm using the Shelxt program (Sheldrick 2015). The structure model was refined by full-matrix least-squares in the Jana2006 program (Petríček et al. 2014) based on $F^{2}$. The reflection conditions were consistent with the space-group $P-1$, which was further confirmed by the successful refinement. The possibility for twinning by reticular merohedry was tested by Jana2006 (Petríček et al. 2016) (transformation matrix 1-2-1/1 $00 / 0-11$ ), however it was negative. The crystal used for the experiment was found to be a split crystal; the contribution of the second fragment to the dataset was corrected by detecting fully separated, fully overlapped and partially separated reflections in Jana2006 (Petříček et al. 2016). The structure solution provided nearly complete structure sheets and missing atoms (mostly O atoms) were located from the difference-Fourier maps. Anisotropic displacement parameters were used for $\mathrm{U}, \mathrm{Pb}$ and Fe atoms. Unconstrained and unrestrained refinement converged smoothly to final $R=$ 0.056 for 9955 unique observed reflections (Table 1). Final atom coordinates and displacement parameters are listed in Tables 2 and 1S (Supplementary file), selected interatomic distances are in Tables 3 and 4, and the bond-valence sums (calculated by the procedure of Brown, 1981, 2002) are listed in Table 2. The original crystallographic
information file (cif) is provided as Supplementary material and can be downloaded from XXXX.

## DESCRIPTION OF THE CRYSTAL STRUCTURE

The structure of richetite contains 18 unique U sites, 8 unique Pb sites, 1 mixed $\mathrm{Fe} / \mathrm{Mg}$ site, and 85 O sites (of which 18 correspond to $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ groups) (Fig. 1). The U sites are coordinated by seven ligands ( O or $\mathrm{OH}^{-}$) in two classes of distances: $\sim 1.8 \AA$ and 2.1 to $\sim 2.8 \AA$. as it is characteristic for the $\mathrm{UO}_{2}{ }^{2+}$ ion (Evans 1963; Burns et al. 1997a; Lussier et al. 2016). The structure contains 8 Pb sites; none of them is fully occupied, site-scattering refinement showed occupancies ranging from 0.14 to 0.95 . The coordination polyhedra around Pb atoms are irregular; ligands are represented by $\mathrm{O}_{U r}$ atoms and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ groups, with $\mathrm{Pb}-\Phi$ bond-lengths ranging from 2.4 to $3.1 \AA$ (Table 5). Richetite structure contains also one symmetrically unique octahedrally coordinated site, occupied by divalent cations $\mathrm{Fe}^{2+}$ and $\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}$, with $<M^{2+}-$ $\Phi>$ bond-length of $2.07 \AA$. The $M^{2+}$ octahedron is quite regular and is formed by two $\mathrm{O}_{U r}$ atoms (of the U 2 ) and four $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ groups. Site-scattering refinement gave $M^{2+}=0.62 \mathrm{Fe}^{2+}+$ $0.38 \mathrm{Mg}^{2+}$.

The U17 site
Several U sites in the structure of richetite exhibit rather irregular coordination. In case of U17 (Fig. 2; Table 4) O62 and O72 atoms (OH groups), which usually should be $\mathrm{O}_{U r}$ atoms with $\mathrm{U}-\mathrm{O}$ bond-lengths of $1.8 \AA$, have $\mathrm{U}-\mathrm{O}$ distances of $2.006(19)$ and 2.01(2) $\AA$. Moreover, O62-U17-O72 bond-angle is $171.82^{\circ}$, different from the usually linear $\mathrm{UO}_{2}{ }^{2+}$ ion. Bondvalence analysis (Table 2) indicates that the U 17 site is occupied by pentavalent U .

## The sheets of polyhedra

The sheet of polyhedra found in richetite has the protasite uranyl-anion topology, i.e. the $\alpha-\mathrm{U}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{8}$ sheet (Fig. 3) (Burns 1998, 2005; Lussier et al., 2016). All pentagons are occupied by U atoms, the U 17 site by $\mathrm{U}^{5+}$, and the rest by $\mathrm{U}^{6+}$. Based upon distribution of $(\mathrm{OH})^{-}$within the equatorial ligands (excluding two OH groups associated with U17), we can distinguish several structures of protasite topology. In richetite (Burns 1998), we have the AABAAB... sequence, where considering type-A triangles (which have $(\mathrm{OH})$ groups at all corners), and type- B triangles (which contain only $\mathrm{O}^{2-}$ anions), richetite has twice as many A triangles as B triangles. The $\mathrm{O}: \mathrm{OH}$ ratio in richetite is $3: 2$, however, there are also two OH groups linked to U17 (in case of other U sites in richetite, they are $\mathrm{O}_{U r}$ atoms), linking U 17 to Pb 1 through O62, and to Pb 4 and Pb 7 through O72. In case of protasite (Pagoaga et al. 1987), all (OH) groups are located at the corners of triangles of the topology, such that all triangles in the sheet contain two $(\mathrm{OH})$ groups. The sheets in the structures of becquerelite (Burns and Li 2002) and billietite (Finch et al. 2006) (considering there the $\alpha-\mathrm{U}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{8}$ sheet only) have the composition $\left[\left(\mathrm{UO}_{2}\right)_{6} \mathrm{O}_{4}(\mathrm{OH})_{6}\right]^{2-}$ with $\mathrm{O}: \mathrm{OH}=2: 3$. In the becquerelite and billietite sheet anion-topologies, all $(\mathrm{OH})$ groups are located at the corners of triangles, and all triangles contain three $(\mathrm{OH})$ groups.

## The interlayer complex

As indicated by Burns (1998), the structure of richetite contains two different interlayer complexes containing $\mathrm{Pb}^{2+}, M^{2+}$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ groups. Adjacent sheets of protasite topology are linked through an extensive network of $\mathrm{Pb}-\mathrm{O}, M^{2+}-\mathrm{O}$ and $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} . . . \mathrm{O}$ bonds. The interstitial complex comprising $M^{2+}$ octahedra occurs at $\mathbf{b}=0, \mathbf{c}=0$ and is built from two tetramers ( $\mathrm{Pb} 2, \mathrm{~Pb} 4, \mathrm{~Pb} 7$ and Pb 8 ) linked by $M^{2+}$ octahedra (Fig. 4). Four of the ligands coordinated to $M^{2+}$ site are $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ groups, and two are $\mathrm{O}_{U r}$ atoms. There is an additional O site
(O84) that is occupied by an $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ group that links to the structure through H -bonds only. The coordination environment of the corresponding Pb sites is shown in Fig. 4.

The interlayer complex that does not contain the $M^{2+}$ site occurs at $\mathbf{b} \sim 0.5, \mathbf{c} \sim 0.5$. It contains a dimer of $\mathrm{Pb} 1 \Phi_{8}$ and $\mathrm{Pb}^{2} \Phi_{9}\left(\Phi=\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{OH}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)$ polyhedra and a tetramer of $\mathrm{Pb} 5 \Phi_{8}$ and $\operatorname{Pb} 6 \Phi_{8}\left(\Phi=\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)$ polyhedra (Fig. 5). Between these clusters of polyhedra there are three independent O sites that belong to $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ groups that are not coordinated directly to any metal cation site.

## The structural formula

The structural formula of the studied richetite crystal is therefore
$M^{2+}{ }_{0.50} \mathrm{~Pb}_{4.86}\left[\mathrm{U}^{5+}\left(\mathrm{U}^{6+} \mathrm{O}_{2}\right)_{17} \mathrm{O}_{18}(\mathrm{OH})_{14}\right]\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{\sim 19.5}, Z=2$. This formula is in line with the color of richetite (Fig. 6). Most UOH minerals are orange or yellow, whereas those minerals containing $\mathrm{U}^{5+}$, wyartite (Burns and Finch 1999) and dehydrated wyartite (Hawthorne et al. 2006) are similar in color to richetite.

## $\alpha-U_{3} O_{8}$ topology and the presence of $U^{5+}$

Incorporation of $\mathrm{U}^{5+}$ into $\alpha-\mathrm{U}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{8}$ type sheets has not been considered; all minerals with $\mathrm{U}^{5+}$ or $\mathrm{U}^{4+}$ present adopt $\beta-\mathrm{U}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{8}$ sheets (Burns and Finch 1999; Burns et al. 1997b; Hawthorne et al. 2006). For shinkolobweite, $\mathrm{Pb}_{1.25}\left[\mathrm{U}^{5+}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{2}\left(\mathrm{UO}_{2}\right)_{5} \mathrm{O}_{8}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}\right]\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{5}$ (Olds et al. 2017), there are sheets resembling $\beta-\mathrm{U}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{8}$ topology. Geometrically, the U 17 site in richetite is consonant with the idealized $\alpha-\mathrm{U}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{8}$ topology and bond-valence analysis clearly indicates incorporation of $\mathrm{U}^{5+}$. Thus, incorporation of $\mathrm{U}^{5+}$ into $\alpha-\mathrm{U}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{8}$ topology is possible.

## The role of richetite in uraninite alteration

UOH minerals are important products of oxidation-hydration weathering of uraninite, or $\mathrm{UO}_{2}$ in spent nuclear fuel (Finch and Ewing 1992; Janeczek et al. 1996; Wronkiewicz et al. 1992, 1996; Krivovichev and Plášil 2013; Plášil 2014). Based on field as well as laboratory observations (for references, see above cited papers), a weathering sequence for UOH has been established (after Finch and Ewing 1992; Fig. 7). At very early stages of uraninite alteration under oxidizing conditions, result in minerals with a high-proportion of molecular $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ and low content of metal cations such as schoepite, $\left[\left(\mathrm{UO}_{2}\right)_{8} \mathrm{O}_{2}(\mathrm{OH})_{12}\right]\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{12}$ (Finch et al. 1996, 1998). With increasing time UOH structures will incorporate metal cations released from the gradually weathering uraninite (such as radiogenic Pb , and others) or from hostrocks $(\mathrm{Na}, \mathrm{K}, \mathrm{Ca}$ etc.). The position of richetite in the alteration sequence is determined by the molar proportion of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ and Me close to fourmarierite, masuyite and protasite. Also the value of charge deficiency per anion (CDA; defined by Schindler and Hawthorne 2008), $\sim 0.21$ v.u., is close to that of fourmarierite ( 0.19 v.u.) and masuyite ( 0.22 v.u. $)$. It has been shown that the CDA value correlates closely with increase of $M e$ and decrease of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ in the structures, therefore higher CDA corresponds to older products during the weathering sequence. There are two or three other UOH minerals that contain reduced forms of U . They are ianthinite (with $\mathrm{U}^{4+}$ ), wyartite and dehydrated wyartite (with $\mathrm{U}^{5+}$ in addition to $\mathrm{U}^{6+}$ ). The presence of the reduced form of an easily oxidized species indicates high gradients of redox conditions within the systems where these phases form. All of these phases form during initial stages of uraninite weathering. Ianthinite is related to the schoepite family of minerals (Fig. 7); there is a solid-state spontaneous phase transition from ianthinite to schoepite. The position of wyartite is not clear; the usual mineral association comprises uranophane, schoepite and fourmarierite. Samples of ianthinite, besides those from Shinkolobwe, also come from the well-known uranium deposit Menzenschwand (Krunkelbachtal, BadenWürttemberg, Germany), where ianthinite is usually associated with pyrite and often fills
vugs in altered uraninite-pyrite aggregates in a quartz matrix. Richetite forms during later stages of uraninite weathering. The presence of $\mathrm{Fe}^{2+}$ in richetite also indicates special geochemical conditions. It seems likely that most of sulfides (as a source of Fe ) had undergone complete dissolution prior to the formation of richetite. It is clear that partial reduction of $\mathrm{U}^{6+}$ to $\mathrm{U}^{5+}$ is most probably connected to the $\mathrm{Fe}^{2+} / \mathrm{Fe}^{3+}$ pair, which is also the most frequent redox agent in Nature. To assess the role of Fe in the formation of richetite, more detailed textural work is needed. To conclude, minerals where $U$ is present in a reduced valence state, such as in ianthinite, wyartite and richetite, may play an important role during the alteration of uraninite or SNF under less-oxidizing conditions, or at places with reduced $f \mathrm{O}_{2}$ or where the redox conditions are characterized by high gradients, as in roll-front, environments with extremely low pH etc. Such phases also might play role during long-term storage of SNF in geological repositories under reducing conditions (Ewing 2015; Ewing et al. 2016).

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## Caption to Figures

Figure 1. Crystal structure of richetite viewed down a. Uranyl polyhedra are drawn in yellow color, except of $\mathrm{U}^{5+} 17$ polyhedra (red); $M^{2+}$ octahedra are green, Pb atom dark grey and O atoms are displayed as red balls. Unit-cell edges are outlined in solid black line.

Figure 2. Coordination environment around U17 site, occupied by $\mathrm{U}^{5+}$, with displayed bondlengths and $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{U}-\mathrm{O}$ bonding-angle.

Figure 3. Sheet of uranyl polyhedra of the $\alpha-\mathrm{U}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{8}$ type (or protasite topology) found in the structure of richetite. In red is displayed U17 polyhedron, occupied by $\mathrm{U}^{5+}$; the distribution of OH groups within the sheet is shown by blue balls.

Figure 4. Interstitial constituents at $\mathbf{b} \sim 0, \mathbf{c} \sim 0$ (extended to for about four unit-cell content). The $M^{2+}$ (mixed Fe1/Mg1 site) octahedra are shown in green color, $\mathrm{Pb}^{2+}$-sites are dark grey, O atoms are represented by red balls. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ groups are labelled (W).

Figure 5. Interstitial constituents at $\mathbf{b} \sim 0.5, \mathbf{c} \sim 0.5$ (extended to for about four unit-cell content). $\mathrm{Pb}^{2+}$-sites are dark grey, O atoms are represented by red balls. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ groups are labelled (W).

FIGURE 6. Richetite crystals (olive brown) among masuyite (orange). Shinkolobwe mine (type locality), Haute-Katanga province, DRC, Africa. FOV 2 mm , photo S. Wolfsried.

FIGURE 7. Composition of uranyl-oxide hydroxy-hydrate minerals as a function of proportion of molecular $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ and a content of metal cations (Me).






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| $\checkmark$ | Richetite |
| :---: | :---: |
| - | Vandendriesscheite |
| $\square$ | Fourmarierite |
| $\diamond$ | Masuyite |
| $\triangle$ | Sayrite |
| $\bigcirc$ | Curite |
| $\bigcirc$ | Spriggite |
| $\nabla$ | Wölsendorfite |
| $\square$ | Compreignacite |
| $\checkmark$ | Protasite |
| $\triangle$ | Billietite |
| - | Becquerelite |
| - | Agrinierite |
| $\nabla$ | Schoepite |
| $\square$ | Rameauite |
| - | Paulscherrerite |
| $\triangle$ | Heisenbergite |
| $\bigcirc$ | Leesite |
| $\bigcirc$ | Metaschoepite |
| $\nabla$ | Gauthierite |
| $\square$ | Vandenbrandeite |
| $\diamond$ | lanthinite |
| $\triangle$ | Uranosphaerite |
| - | Wyartite |

Table 1. Summary of data collection conditions and refinement parameters for richetite.

| Structural formula | $\left(\mathrm{Fe}^{2+}{ }_{0.31} \mathrm{Mg}_{0.19}\right) \mathrm{Pb}_{4.86}\left[\mathrm{U}^{5+}\left(\mathrm{U}^{6+} \mathrm{O}_{2}\right)_{17} \mathrm{O}_{18}(\mathrm{OH})_{14}\right]\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{\sim 19.5}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Unit cell parameters | $\begin{aligned} & a=12.0919(2), b=16.3364(4), c=20.2881(4) \AA \\ & \alpha=68.800(2), \beta=78.6794(18), y=76.1181(19) \end{aligned}$ |
| V | $3600.68(14) \AA^{3}$ |
| Z | 2 |
| Space group | $P-1$ |
| $D_{\text {calc }}\left(\mathrm{g} \mathrm{cm}^{-3}\right)$ | 6.194 (for the formula given above) |
| Temperature | 298 K |
| Diffractometer | Rigaku SuperNova, Atlas S2 CCD |
| Radiation (wavelength) | MoKa (0.7107 A ) |
| Crystal dimensions | $0.174 \times 0.135 \times 0.029 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Collection mode | $\omega$ scans to cover the Ewald sphere |
| Frame width, counting time | $1.0^{\circ}, 300 \mathrm{~s}$ |
| Limiting $\theta$ angles | 3.40-28.10 ${ }^{\circ}$ |
| Limiting Miller indices | $-15<h<15,-21<k<21,-26<1<26$ |
| No. of reflections | 39599 |
| No. of unique reflections | 13469 |
| No. of observed reflections (criterion) | $9955\left[I_{\text {obs }}>3 \sigma(I)\right]$ |
| $\mu\left(\mathrm{mm}^{-1}\right)$ | 51.76 |
| $T_{\text {min }} / T_{\text {max }}$ | 0.055/0.079 |
| Coverage, $R_{\text {int }}$ | 0.98, 0.043 |
| $F_{000}$ | 5479 |
| Refinement | Full matrix least-squares by Jana2006 on $F^{2}$ |
| Parameters refined | 593 |
| $R, w R$ (obs) | 0.0560, 0.1142 |
| $R, w R$ (all) | 0.0771, 0.1210 |
| GOF (obs, all) | 1.99, 1.80 |
| Weighting scheme | $1 /\left(\sigma^{2}(I)+0.0004 I^{2}\right)$ |
| $\Delta \sigma_{\text {min }}, \Delta \sigma_{\text {max }}\left(\mathrm{e} / \AA^{3}{ }^{\text {a }}\right.$ | -4.12, 6.56 (1.29 $\AA$ from O70 atom) |
| Twin ratio; twin matrix | $0.8482(17) / 0.15118(17) ;\left(\begin{array}{ccc}-1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -0.328 & -0.671 \\ 0 & -1.328 & 0.328\end{array}\right)$ |

Table 2. Atom positions, occupation factors, displacement parameters (equivalent and isotropic, in $\AA^{2}$ ) and bond-valence sums (in valence units) for the crystal structure of richetite.

| Atom | Occ. (<1) | x/a | y/b | z/c | $\begin{gathered} \hline U_{\text {eq }} / U_{\text {iso }} \\ \left(\AA^{2}\right) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | ¿BV |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U1 |  | 0.56884(6) | 0.32974(5) | 0.40750(4) | 0.0139(3) | 5.93(8) |
| U2 |  | 1.06978(6) | 0.82861(5) | -0.09742(4) | 0.0137(3) | 5.81(8) |
| U3 |  | 0.26120(6) | -0.02209(6) | 0.75313(4) | 0.0151(3) | 6.07(8) |
| U4 |  | 0.42599(6) | $0.16277(6)$ | 0.57945(4) | 0.0153(3) | 5.95(7) |
| U5 |  | 0.43851(6) | 0.83810(6) | -0.08721(4) | 0.0160(3) | 5.92(7) |
| U6 |  | 0.75344(6) | 0.48241 (5) | 0.25073(4) | 0.0136(3) | 5.97(8) |
| U7 |  | 0.05207(6) | 0.51722(6) | 0.24384(4) | 0.0150(3) | 5.88(7) |
| U8 |  | 0.93510(6) | 0.34134(6) | 0.41004(4) | 0.0152(3) | 5.89(7) |
| U9 |  | 0.58292(6) | 0.66312(6) | 0.08266(4) | 0.0160(3) | 5.81(8) |
| U10 |  | 0.93432(6) | 0.65868(6) | 0.07252(4) | 0.0143(3) | 5.93(7) |
| U11 |  | 0.25508(6) | 0.64896(6) | 0.09384(4) | 0.0165(3) | 5.91(8) |
| U12 |  | 0.43717(7) | 0.51334(6) | 0.24642(4) | 0.0177(3) | 5.86(9) |
| U13 |  | 0.75112(6) | 0.15270(6) | 0.59592(4) | 0.0158(3) | 6.01(8) |
| U14 |  | 0.74315(6) | 0.82801(5) | -0.05630(4) | 0.0149(3) | 5.95(8) |
| U15 |  | 0.54990(6) | 0.02117(6) | 0.74772(4) | 0.0150(3) | 5.91(8) |
| U16 |  | 0.24484(6) | 0.32640(5) | 0.44176(4) | 0.0140(3) | 5.98(8) |
| U17 |  | 0.08254(7) | 0.16447 (6) | 0.57735(4) | 0.0186(3) | 5.37(7) |
| U18 |  | -0.06322(7) | 0.01441(6) | 0.74493(4) | 0.0197(3) | 5.93(9) |
| Pb1 | 0.945(3) | 0.83195(8) | $-0.12157(7)$ | 0.62331(5) | 0.0317(4) | 1.739(18) |
| Pb2 | 0.857(3) | 0.54386(8) | 0.71947(7) | 0.26790(5) | 0.0260(4) | 1.90(2) |
| Pb3 | 0.862(3) | 0.47019(9) | 0.22291(8) | 0.27319(5) | 0.0331(5) | 1.829(19) |
| Pb4 | 0.865(3) | 0.18826(9) | 0.36382(8) | 0.63576(6) | 0.0400(5) | 1.772(19) |
| Pb5 | 0.776(3) | 0.97785 (9) | 0.41404(8) | 0.11436(6) | 0.0260(5) | 1.82(2) |
| Fe1/Mg1 | 0.62(2)/0.38(2) | , | 1 | 0 | 0.018(2) | 2.24(3) |
| Pb6 | 0.242(3) | 0.1971(4) | 0.4301(3) | 0.0430(2) | 0.047(2) | 1.93(2) |
| Pb7 | 0.146(3) | 0.03-99(5) | 0.2196(4) | 0.7709(3) | 0.030(3) | 1.89(2) |
| Pb8 | 0.142(3) | 0.3150(5) | 0.1421(4) | 0.8660(3) | 0.030(3) | 1.89(2) |
| O1 |  | 0.0913(11) | -0.0665(9) | 0.7974(7) | 0.023(3)* | 2.08(3) |
| O2 |  | 0.0981(10) | 0.4323(9) | 0.3675(6) | 0.018(3)* | 1.206(16) |
| O3 |  | 0.4133(13) | -0.0543(12) | 0.8074(9) | 0.042(5)* | 2.18(4) |
| O4 |  | 0.4194(12) | 0.2765(10) | 0.4770(8) | 0.027(4)* | 2.12(3) |
| O5 |  | 0.9215(11) | 0.7776(10) | -0.0263(8) | 0.025(4)* | 2.12(3) |
| O6 |  | 1.2686(10) | 0.8320(8) | -0.1317(6) | 0.014(3)* | 1.283(19) |
| O7 |  | 0.5713(10) | 0.2598(9) | 0.3542 (6) | 0.018(3)* | 1.80(5) |
| O8 |  | 0.9032(12) | 0.4544(10) | 0.3083 (8) | 0.026(4)* | 2.09(3) |
| O9 |  | 0.3690(10) | 0.4284(8) | 0.3672 (6) | 0.016(3)* | 1.261(16) |
| 010 |  | 0.6419(11) | 0.2013(9) | $0.4986(7)$ | 0.020(3)* | 1.261(19) |
| 011 |  | 0.7685(10) | 0.3286(9) | 0.3719(6) | 0.019(3)* | 1.27(2) |
| 012 |  | 0.6265(11) | 0.5420(9) | 0.1730(7) | 0.025(3)* | 1.86(3) |
| 013 |  | $0.5863(11)$ | 0.4432(9) | 0.3063(7) | $0.023(3)^{*}$ | 2.11(3) |
| O14 |  | 0.0834(12) | 0.6081(10) | 0.1337(7) | 0.027(4)* | 2.13(3) |
| 015 |  | 0.2550(11) | 0.1902(9) | 0.5404(7) | 0.020(3)* | 1.98(3) |
| 016 |  | 0.7605(11) | 0.6852(9) | 0.0397(7) | 0.023(3)* | 1.92(3) |
| 017 |  | 0.8854(11) | 0.2093(9) | $0.4979(7)$ | 0.025(3)* | 1.243(18) |


| 018 | 0.7116(12) | 0.2575(10) | 0.6124(7) | 0.031(4)* | 1.65(6) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 019 | 0.5745(11) | 0.1264(10) | 0.6393(7) | 0.023(3)* | 2.08(3) |
| O20 | 1.0637(11) | 0.9043(9) | -0.0475(7) | 0.022(3)* | 1.73(6) |
| O21 | $0.3867(11)$ | 0.7066(9) | -0.0031(7) | 0.024(3)* | 1.275(19) |
| O22 | 0.8698(10) | 0.9315(9) | -0.1340(6) | 0.019(3)* | 1.219(16) |
| O23 | 0.5446(12) | 1.0730(10) | -0.0756(8) | 0.035(4)* | 0.0158(5) |
| O24 | 0.5206(11) | 0.7666(9) | -0.1382(7) | 0.022(3)* | 1.74(4) |
| O25 | 0.2096(10) | 0.3929(9) | $0.4993(6)$ | 0.017(3)* | 1.87(5) |
| O26 | 0.2083(12) | 0.7539(10) | 0.1094(7) | 0.032(4)* | 1.63(5) |
| O27 | 0.8848(11) | 0.7363(9) | 0.1224(7) | 0.026(3)* | 1.60(5) |
| O28 | 1.0774(11) | 0.7525(9) | -0.1464(7) | 0.023(3)* | 1.67(5) |
| O29 | 1.1420(11) | 0.6983(9) | -0.0045(7) | 0.019(3)* | 1.227(18) |
| O30 | 0.5726(11) | $0.7295(9)$ | 0.1433(7) | 0.022(3)* | 1.74(5) |
| O31 | -0.0129(11) | 0.6115(9) | 0.2723(7) | 0.024(3)* | 1.93(5) |
| O32 | 0.5986(10) | 0.9344(9) | -0.1298(6) | 0.017(3)* | 1.211(16) |
| O33 | 1.0159(11) | 0.2690(9) | 0.3601(7) | 0.023(3)* | 1.81(5) |
| O34 | 0.0688(12) | 0.2863(10) | 0.4863(7) | 0.029(4)* | 2.06(3) |
| O35 | 0.4782(11) | 0.0771(9) | 0.5359(7) | 0.023(3)* | 1.49(5) |
| O36 | 0.7707(11) | 0.7686(9) | -0.1192(7) | 0.023(3)* | 1.63(5) |
| O37 | 0.1637(13) | 0.6894(11) | 0.3020(8) | 0.044(4)* | 0.0204(6) |
| O38 | 0.3895(11) | 0.0552(9) | 0.6809(7) | 0.023(3)* | 1.92(3) |
| O39 | 0.8560(11) | 0.4142(10) | 0.4595(7) | 0.027(3)* | 1.59(5) |
| O40 | 0.8945(11) | 0.5407(9) | 0.1709(7) | 0.025(3)* | 1.91(3) |
| O41 | 0.1386(12) | 0.0414(10) | 0.6659(8) | 0.035(4)* | 1.57(3) |
| O42 | 0.7904(11) | 0.0467(9) | 0.5790(7) | 0.024(3)* | 1.86(5) |
| O43 | 0.2763(11) | 0.2681 (9) | 0.3779(7) | 0.023(3)* | 1.82(5) |
| O44 | 0.3383(9) | 0.3771(8) | 0.1210(6) | 0.009(3)* | 0.110(3) |
| O45 | 0.8009(11) | 0.3875(10) | 0.2179(7) | 0.027(3)* | 1.68(5) |
| O46 | 0.5375(12) | 0.4237(10) | 0.0715(7) | 0.029(4)* | 0 |
| O47 | 0.7347(10) | 0.0708(9) | 0.7308(6) | 0.019(3)* | 1.259(18) |
| O48 | 0.2334(11) | 0.5642(9) | 0.2324(7) | 0.023(3)* | 1.237(18) |
| O49 | 0.4195(12) | 0.6214(11) | 0.1394(8) | 0.032(4)* | 2.07(3) |
| O50 | 0.4822(11) | 0.1089(9) | 0.7840(7) | 0.022(3)* | 1.93(5) |
| O51 | 0.3543(12) | 0.9081(10) | -0.0377(7) | 0.027(3)* | 1.63(5) |
| O52 | 0.9824(11) | 0.5753(9) | 0.0243(7) | 0.020(3)* | 1.84(4) |
| O53 | 0.5674(10) | 0.3984(9) | 0.4601(6) | 0.017(3)* | 1.62(5) |
| O54 | 0.3051(11) | 0.5431(9) | 0.0778(7) | 0.022(3)* | 1.61(5) |
| O55 | 0.6269(13) | -0.0711(11) | 0.7168(8) | 0.040(4)* | 1.80(5) |
| O56 | 0.3661(11) | 0.2460(9) | 0.6258(7) | 0.025(3)* | 1.85(5) |
| O57 | 0.3234(11) | -0.1116(10) | 0.7142(7) | 0.027(3)* | 1.66(5) |
| O58 | 0.7074(11) | 0.5843(10) | 0.2783(7) | 0.026(3)* | 1.83(5) |
| O59 | 0.6034(12) | 0.5921(10) | 0.0254(7) | 0.029(4)* | 1.49(5) |
| O60 | $0.1217(12)$ | 0.4186(10) | 0.2184(7) | 0.032(4)* | 1.63(5) |
| O61 | 0.1581(12) | -0.1940(10) | 0.6882(7) | 0.029(4)* | 0 |
| O62 | 0.1175(12) | 0.0890(10) | 0.5142(8) | 0.036(4)* | 1.33(4) |
| O63 | 0.5676(10) | 0.7897(9) | -0.0118(7) | 0.018(3)* | 2.03(4) |
| O64 | -0.0776(12) | -0.0694(10) | 0.7115(7) | 0.035(4)* | 1.87(6) |
| O65 | 0.4315(13) | 0.4201(11) | 0.2199(8) | 0.038(4)* | 1.69(6) |
| O66 | -0.0643(11) | 0.0997(9) | 0.7798(7) | 0.024(3)* | 1.75(6) |
| 067 | 0.7132(10) | 0.8952(9) | 0.0000(6) | 0.017(3)* | 1.70(5) |


| O68 | $0.2040(12)$ | $0.0675(10)$ | $0.7909(8)$ | $0.035(4)^{*}$ | $1.61(5)$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| O69 | $0.3070(14)$ | $-0.0599(12)$ | $0.5604(9)$ | $0.048(5)^{*}$ | 0 |
| O70 | $0.4776(18)$ | $-0.0868(15)$ | $0.6098(11)$ | $0.081(7)^{*}$ | $0.210(7)$ |
| O71 | $1.0388(11)$ | $-0.0868(10)$ | $0.5766(7)$ | $0.025(3)^{*}$ | $0.249(6)$ |
| O72 | $0.0718(15)$ | $0.2366(13)$ | $0.6408(9)$ | $0.058(5)^{*}$ | $1.30(4)$ |
| O73 | $0.4279(11)$ | $0.6030(10)$ | $0.2808(7)$ | $0.029(3)^{*}$ | $1.85(6)$ |
| O74 | $0.0351(14)$ | $0.5711(12)$ | $0.4209(9)$ | $0.051(5)^{*}$ | $0.116(3)$ |
| O75 | $0.6599(12)$ | $0.1895(10)$ | $0.8039(8)$ | $0.034(4)^{*}$ | $0.123(3)$ |
| O76 | $0.2442(11)$ | $0.2423(10)$ | $0.7573(7)$ | $0.031(4)^{*}$ | $0.516(8)$ |
| O77 | $0.1987(12)$ | $0.5527(10)$ | $-0.0634(8)$ | $0.035(4)^{*}$ | $0.415(9)$ |
| O78 | $1.1511(12)$ | $0.9506(10)$ | $0.0539(7)$ | $0.032(4)^{*}$ | $0.184(6)$ |
| O79 | $-0.0779(13)$ | $0.1232(11)$ | $0.6358(8)$ | $0.035(4)^{*}$ | $2.05(3)$ |
| O80 | $1.3589(11)$ | $0.6965(9)$ | $-0.1864(7)$ | $0.024(3)^{*}$ | $0.191(5)$ |
| O81 | $0.2462(13)$ | $0.2491(11)$ | $0.2473(8)$ | $0.048(5)^{*}$ | $0.322(6)$ |
| O82 | $0.9164(12)$ | $0.9135(10)$ | $0.0806(7)$ | $0.029(4)^{*}$ | $0.297(9)$ |
| O83 | $0.4094(13)$ | $0.4197(11)$ | $0.5856(8)$ | $0.043(4)^{*}$ | $0.214(4)$ |
| O84 | $0.3286(15)$ | $0.5479(12)$ | $0.4356(9)$ | $0.056(5)^{*}$ | 0 |
| O85 | $1.030(2)$ | $0.278(2)$ | $0.2254(15)$ | $0.032(8)^{*}$ | $0.221(13)$ |
| *Refin | 0.5 |  |  |  |  |

*Refined with isotropic atomic displacement parameters.

Table 3. Interatomic distances among $U$ atoms (in $\AA$ ) in the structure of richetite.

| U1-O4 | 2.216(12) | U2-O1 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 2.215(12) | U3-01 | 2.256(13) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U1-O7 | 1.829(16) | U2-O5 | 2.189(12) | U3-O3 | 2.185(15) |
| U1-09 | 2.657(11) | U2-O6 | 2.381(12) | U3-06 ${ }^{\text {ii }}$ | 2.666(10) |
| U1-010 | 2.355(11) | U2-O20 | 1.843(17) | U3-O38 | 2.208(12) |
| U1-011 | 2.372(12) | U2-O22 | 2.658(11) | U3-041 | 2.314(14) |
| U1-013 | 2.227(12) | U2-O28 | 1.830(17) | U3-O57 | 1.849(17) |
| U1-053 | 1.801(16) | U2-O29 | 2.388(11) | U3-068 | 1.816(18) |
| <U1-OUr ${ }^{\text {l }}$ | 1.82 | <U2-OUr ${ }^{\text {< }}$ | 1.84 | <U3-OUr ${ }^{\text {> }}$ | 1.83 |
| <U1-O ${ }_{\text {eq }}>$ | 2.37 | <U2-Oeq ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 2.37 | <U3-O ${ }_{\text {eq }}>$ | 2.33 |
| U4-O4 | 2.226(13) | U5-O3iil | 2.246(14) | U6-O8 | 2.210(15) |
| U4-O10 | 2.876(12) | U5-O6 ${ }^{\text {iv }}$ | 2.431(14) | U6-011 | 2.807(11) |
| U4-015 | 2.246(13) | U5-O21 | 2.342(12) | U6-012 | 2.212(13) |
| U4-O19 | 2.211(14) | U5-O24 | 1.827(15) | U6-013 | 2.233(12) |
| U4-O35 | 1.842(16) | U5-O32 | 2.610(14) | U6-O40 | 2.236(12) |
| U4-038 | 2.217(12) | U5-O51 | 1.795(15) | U6-045 | 1.837(17) |
| U4-O56 | 1.854(16) | U5-063 | 2.211(14) | U6-O58 | 1.866(17) |
| <U4-OUr ${ }^{\text {l }}$ | 1.85 | <U5-OUr ${ }^{\text {< }}$ | 1.81 | <U6-OUr ${ }^{\text {< }}$ | 1.85 |
| $<\mathrm{U} 4-\mathrm{O}_{\text {eq }}>$ | 2.36 | $<\mathrm{U} 5-\mathrm{O}_{\text {eq }}>$ | 2.37 | <U6- $\mathrm{O}_{\text {eq }}>$ | 2.34 |
| U7-O2 | 2.487(11) | U8-O2 ${ }^{\text {v }}$ | 2.577(14) | U9-012 | 2.194(11) |
| U7-08 ${ }^{\text {iv }}$ | 2.240(13) | U8-08 | 2.241(13) | U9-016 | 2.210(12) |
| U7-014 | 2.208(12) | U8-011 | 2.378(14) | U9-021 | 3.011(14) |
| U7-031 | 1.791(15) | U8-017 | 2.371(12) | U9-030 | 1.882(17) |
| U7-O40 ${ }^{\text {iv }}$ | 2.518(14) | U8-O33 | 1.817(15) | U9-049 | 2.206(12) |
| U7-O48 | 2.430(14) | U8-O34 ${ }^{\text {² }}$ | 2.259(13) | U9-059 | 1.868(18) |
| U7-060 | 1.826(16) | U8-O39 | 1.808(16) | U9-063 | 2.252(12) |
| <U7-OUr ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 1.81 | <U8-OUr ${ }^{\text {l }}$ | 1.81 | <U9-OUr ${ }^{\text {l }}$ | 1.88 |
| $<U 7-\mathrm{O}_{\text {eq }}>$ | 2.38 | <U8-O ${ }_{\text {eq }}>$ | 2.37 | <U9-O ${ }_{\text {eq }}>$ | 2.38 |
| U10-O5 | 2.234(13) | U11-O14 | 2.247(13) | U12-O9 | 2.430(10) |
| U10-O14 ${ }^{\text {² }}$ | 2.208(13) | U11-O21 | 2.335(12) | U12-O12 | 2.525(12) |
| U10-O16 | 2.231(13) | U11-O26 | 1.795(17) | U12-O13 | 2.211(12) |
| U10-O27 | 1.821(16) | $\mathrm{U} 11-\mathrm{O} 29^{\text {iv }}$ | 2.425 14) | U12-O48 | 2.447(12) |
| U10-O29 | 2.770(12) | U11-O48 | 2.638(12) | U12-O49 | 2.256(13) |
| U10-O40 | 2.285(12) | U11-O49 | 2.241(14) | U12-065 | 1.812(19) |
| U10-O52 | 1.874(16) | U11-O54 | 1.815(15) | U12-O73 | 1.810(18) |
| <U10-OUr> | 1.85 | <U11-OUr | 1.81 | <U12-Our> | 1.81 |
| $<\mathrm{U10}-\mathrm{O}_{\text {eq }}>$ | 2.35 | $<U 11-O_{e q}>$ | 2.38 | $<U 12-O_{e q}>$ | 2.37 |
| U13-010 | 2.378(14) | U14-05 | 2.241(12) | U15-O3 | 2.197(13) |
| U13-O17 | 2.357(12) | U14-O16 | 2.433(12) | U15-019 | 2.265(12) |
| U13-018 | 1.789(17) | U14-O22 | 2.463(12) | U15-O32 ${ }^{\text {vi }}$ | 2.483(11) |
| U13-019 | 2.221(12) | U14-O32 | 2.444(11) | U15-038 | 2.419(14) |
| U13-O42 | 1.820(16) | U14-O36 | 1.804(17) | U15-O47 | 2.480(14) |
| U13-O47 | 2.566(11) | U14-063 | 2.274(12) | U15-050 | 1.796(15) |
| U13-079v | 2.247(14) | U14-O67 | 1.787(15) | U15-O55 | 1.819(16) |
| <U13-OUr ${ }^{\text {< }}$ | 1.80 | <U14-OUr | 1.80 | <U15-OUr | 1.81 |
| <U13-Oeq ${ }_{\text {e }}$ | 2.35 | <U13-O ${ }_{\text {eq }}>$ | 2.37 | <U15-Oeq> | 2.37 |
| U16-O2 | 2.471(11) | U17-015 | 2.161(12) | U18-O1 | 2.222(12) |
| U16-O4 | 2.227(13) | U17-O17 ${ }^{\text {v }}$ | 2.943(14) | U18-O22ii | 2.422(10) |
| U16-09 | 2.409(12) | U17-O34 | 2.166(12) | U18-O41 | 2.684(12) |


| U16-015 | 2.390(12) | U17-O41 | 2.228(13) | U18-O47iv | 2.427(12) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U16-O25 | 1.794(15) | U17-062 | 2.005(19) | U18-O64 | 1.784(18) |
| U16-034 | 2.294(13) | U17-072 | 2.01(2) | U18-066 | 1.774(17) |
| U16-O43 | 1.805(16) | U17-079 | 2.186(12) | U18-O79 | 2.290(13) |
| <U16-OUr> | 1.80 | <U17-O> | 2.24 | <U16-OUr> | 1.78 |
| <U16-O ${ }_{\text {eq }}$ > | 2.36 |  |  | <U16-O ${ }_{\text {eq }}>$ | 2.41 |

Symmetry codes: (i) $x+1, y+1, z-1$; (ii) $x-1, y-1, z+1$; (iii) $x, y+1, z-1$; (iv) $x-1, y, z$; (v) $x+1, y, z$; (vi) $x, y-1, z+1$; (vii) $-x+2,-y,-z+1$; (viii) $-x+1,-y,-z+1$; (ix) $-x+1,-y+1,-z+1$; (x) $-x+1,-y+1,-z$; (xi) $-x+2,-y+1,-z ;(x i i)-x,-y+1,-z+1$; (xiii) $-x+2,-y+2,-z ;$ (xiv) $-x+1,-y+2,-z$.

Table 4. Interatomic distances among Pb and $\mathrm{M}^{2+}$ sites (in $\AA$ ) in the structure of richetite.

| Pb1-O33 ${ }^{\text {vii }}$ | 2.613(12) | Pb2-O30 | 2.434(15) | Pb3-07 | 2.531(16) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pb1-O42 | 2.519(13) | $\mathrm{Pb} 2-\mathrm{O} 50{ }^{\text {ix }}$ | 2.578(13) | $\mathrm{Pb} 3-\mathrm{O} 24^{\mathrm{x}}$ | 2.664(15) |
| Pb1-O43 ${ }^{\text {viii }}$ | 2.998(16) | $\mathrm{Pb} 2-056{ }^{\text {ix }}$ | 2.874(17) | Pb3-O43 | 2.986(13) |
| Pb1-O55 | 2.954(13) | Pb2-058 | 2.562(13) | Pb3-O55 ${ }^{\text {viii }}$ | 2.919(18) |
| Pb1-O62 ${ }^{\text {viii }}$ | 2.617(16) | $\mathrm{Pb} 2-073$ | 2.535(17) | Pb3-O57 ${ }^{\text {viii }}$ | 2.710(12) |
| Pb1-064 ${ }^{\text { }}$ | 2.729(18) | Pb2-075 ${ }^{\text {ix }}$ | 2.915(13) | Pb3-065 | 2.952(15) |
| Pb1-071 | 2.616(13) | Pb2-076 ${ }^{\text {ix }}$ | 2.695(13) | Pb3-070 ${ }^{\text {viii }}$ | 2.655(16) |
| Pb1-O81 ${ }^{\text {viii }}$ | 2.851(13) | Pb2-O83 ${ }^{\text {ix }}$ | 3.081(13) | $\mathrm{Pb} 3-080{ }^{\text {xi }}$ | 2.703(12) |
| <Pb1-O> | 2.74 | <Pb2-O> | 2.71 | Pb3-081 | 2.766(13) |
|  |  |  |  | <Pb3-O> | 2.77 |
| Pb4-O25 | 2.606(12) | Pb5-O28 ${ }^{\text {xi }}$ | 2.772(15) | Pb6-O16 ${ }^{\text {x }}$ | 2.847(17) |
| Pb4-O31 ${ }^{\text {xii }}$ | 2.591(12) | Pb5-040 | 2.623(16) | Pb6-036 ${ }^{\text {x }}$ | 3.013(14) |
| Pb4-O56 | 2.548(12) | Pb5-045 | 2.683(12) | Pb6-O44 | 2.350(13) |
| Pb4-O58 ${ }^{\text {ix }}$ | 2.798(18) | Pb5-O52 | 2.613(12) | Pb6-O52 ${ }^{\text {iv }}$ | 3.051(12) |
| Pb4-O72 | 2.73(2) | Pb5-O52 ${ }^{\text {xi }}$ | 2.707(15) | Pb6-052 ${ }^{\text {x }}$ | 2.811(16) |
| Pb4-074 ${ }^{\text {xii }}$ | 2.949(14) | Pb5-060 ${ }^{\text {}}$ | 3.023(16) | Pb6-054 | 2.839(18) |
| Pb4-076 | 2.637(12) | Pb5-077 ${ }^{\text {}}$ | 2.417(14) | Pb6-059 ${ }^{\text {x }}$ | 2.554(12) |
| Pb4-O83 | 2.905(13) | Pb5-085 | 2.58(3) | Pb6-077 | 2.359(14) |
| <Pb4-O> | 2.72 | <Pb5-O> | 2.68 | <Pb6-O> | 2.72 |
| Pb7-O27 ${ }^{\text {ix }}$ | 2.871(18) | Pb8-O23 ${ }^{\text {vi }}$ | 3.039(14) | $\mathrm{M}^{2+}-\mathrm{O} 20$ | 2.046(16) |
| Pb7-O31 ${ }^{\text {xii }}$ | 2.534(15) | $\mathrm{Pb} 8-\mathrm{O} 27{ }^{\text {ix }}$ | 2.768(13) | $\mathrm{M}^{2+}-\mathrm{O} 20^{\text {xiii }}$ | 2.046(16) |
| Pb7-O37 ${ }^{\text {xii }}$ | 2.924(14) | $\mathrm{Pb} 8-\mathrm{O} 30^{\text {ix }}$ | 2.693(17) | $M^{2+}-078$ | 2.148(13) |
| Pb7-066 | 2.507(17) | Pb8-050 | 2.439(13) | $M^{2+}-078{ }^{\text {xiii }}$ | 2.148(13) |
| Pb7-068 | 2.744(14) | Pb8-067 ${ }^{\text {ix }}$ | 2.533(13) | $\mathrm{M}^{2+}-\mathrm{O} 82$ | 2.013(12) |
| Pb7-O72 | 2.511(19) | Pb8-068 | 2.93(2) | $\mathrm{M}^{2+}-082^{\text {xiii }}$ | 2.013(12) |
| Pb7-O76 | 2.529(15) | Pb8-076 | 2.394(13) | $<M^{2+}-O>$ | 2.07 |
| Pb7-O82 ${ }^{\text {ix }}$ | 3.073(13) | Pb8-082 ${ }^{\text {ix }}$ | 3.023(14) |  |  |
| <Pb7-O> | 2.71 | <Pb8-O> | 2.73 |  |  |

Symmetry codes: (i) $x+1, y+1, z-1$; (ii) $x-1, y-1, z+1$; (iii) $x, y+1, z-1$; (iv) $x-1, y, z$; (v) $x+1, y, z$; (vi) $x, y-1, z+1$; (vii) $-x+2,-y,-z+1$; (viii) $-x+1,-y,-z+1$; (ix) $-x+1,-y+1,-z+1$; (x) $-x+1,-y+1,-z$; (xi) $-x+2,-y+1,-z ;(x i i)-x,-y+1,-z+1$; (xiii) $-x+2,-y+2,-z ;$ (xiv) $-x+1,-y+2,-z$.

Table 5. Comparison of the $\mathrm{U} 17 \Phi_{7}$ polyhedral geometry in richetite with other compounds.

|  | U-Ф ( $\AA$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{U}-\mathrm{O}\left(^{\circ}\right.$ ) | BV (v.u.) | Ref. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Richetite (U17) | 2.161 | 2.943 | 2.166 | 2.228 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.186 | 171.8 | 5.37 | this work |
| Wyartite (U3) | 2.07 | 2.09 | 2.06 | 2.14 | 2.44 | 2.47 | 2.480 | 167.0 | 5.07 | 1 |
| Dehyd. wyartite (U2) | 2.095 | 2.095 | 2.092 | 2.092 | 2.476 | 2.512 | 2.301 | 163.6 | 5.10 | 2 |
| $\mathrm{U}_{2} \mathrm{MoO}_{8}$ | 2.06 | 2.06 | 2.11 | 2.18 | 2.36 | 2.46 | 2.73 | 178.1 | 4.92 | 3 |
|  | 2.08 | 2.08 | 2.13 | 2.15 | 2.32 | 2.35 | 2.58 | 164.1 | 5.12 |  |
| $\mathrm{USbO}_{3}$ | 1.93 | 2.02 | 2.13 | 2.30 | 2.35 | 2.43 | 2.50 | 173.0 | 5.23 | 4 |
| $\mathrm{UVO}_{5}$ | 2.05 | 2.07 | 2.21 | 2.21 | 2.30 | 2.30 | 2.32 | 179.9 | 5.26 | 5 |
| $\mathrm{U}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{12} \mathrm{Cl}$ | 2.06 | 2.06 | 2.25 | 2.25 | 2.30 | 2.30 | 2.54 | 178.9 | 4.95 | 6 |

1 = Burns and Finch (1999); 2 = Hawthorne et al. (2006); 3 = Serezhkin et al. (1973); 4 = Dickens and Stuttard (1992); $5=$ Dickens et al. (1992); $6=$ Cordfunke et al. (1985).

